# AD ANTAGE

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 1. Identification

**Product identifier ACRYLIC URETHANE SS - GALAXY S** 

Other means of identification

**Product Code** AD-709-G

Recommended use Auotmotive Refinish Single-Stage Coating

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name ADVANTAGE REFINISH PRODUCTS

a division of IAMG/International Autobody Marketing Group **Address** 

1505 N. Hayden Road

Suite 111

Scottsdale, Arizona 85257

**United States** 

1-87-REFINISH Telephone General Assistance

Website www.advantagerefinish.com

E-mail Not available.

Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 **Emergency phone number** 

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

**Physical hazards** Flammable liquids Category 2 Health hazards Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A Sensitization, skin Category 1 Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B Carcinogenicity Category 1B Reproductive toxicity (the unborn child) Category 2

> Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

**Environmental hazards** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

Category 2

Not classified. **OSHA** defined hazards

Label elements



Signal word Danger

**Hazard statement** Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause

genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Toxic to aquatic life.

Category 2

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Material name: ACRYLIC URETHANE SS - GALAXY S AD-709-G Version #: 01 Issue date: 05-04-2015

# **Precautionary statement**

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective

clothing/eye protection/face protection.

**Response** If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect

spillage.

**Storage** Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Keep cool. Store locked up.

**Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Supplemental information

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

82.2% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 82.34% of the

mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 81.51% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic

of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term nazards to the a

environment.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Methyl acetate		79-20-9	10 to <20
n-butyl acetate		123-86-4	10 to <20
2-pentanone		107-87-9	5 to <10
2-Heptanone		110-43-0	1 to <5
Aluminum		7429-90-5	1 to <5
1,2-Dimethybenzene		95-47-6	0.1 to <1
Ethyl benzene		100-41-4	0.1 to <1
light aromatic solvent naphtha		64742-95-6	0.1 to <1
liquid HALS		41556-26-7	0.1 to <1
methyl ethyl ketoxime		96-29-7	0.1 to <1
stoddard solvent		8052-41-3	0.1 to <1
Titanium dioxide		13463-67-7	0.1 to <1
Other components below reportable leve	els		50 to <60

<sup>\*</sup>Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

# 4. First-aid measures

**Inhalation** Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or

artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other

proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

**Skin contact** Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of

eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

**Ingestion** Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation.

cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

**General information** 

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods

General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

## 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

**Environmental precautions** 

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid displaying into drains, water courses or outside the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or

discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# 7. Handling and storage

## Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air	Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)
Components	Туре

Components	Туре	Value	Form
1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
·		100 ppm	
2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)	PEL	465 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)	PEL	700 mg/m3	
,		200 ppm	
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	PEL	610 mg/m3	
,		200 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	PEL	710 mg/m3	
,		150 ppm	
stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	PEL	2900 mg/m3	
,		500 ppm	
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	PEL	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values			
Components	Туре	Value	Form
1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)	STEL	150 ppm	

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values		Value	Form
Components	Туре	value	FOIIII
	TWA	100 ppm	
2-Heptanone (CAS	TWA	50 ppm	
110-43-0) 2-pentanone (CAS	STEL	150 ppm	
2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)	SIEL	150 ppm	
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction
Ethyl benzene (CAS	TWA	20 ppm	·
100-41-4)			
Methyl acetate (CAS	STEL	250 ppm	
79-20-9)	T\0/0	200	
a butul acotata (CAS	TWA STEL	200 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 23-86-4)	SIEL	200 ppm	
120 00 4)	TWA	150 ppm	
stoddard solvent (CAS	TWA	100 ppm	
8052-41-3)		Pp	
Fitanium dioxide (CAS	TWA	10 mg/m3	
3463-67-7)			
JS. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem			_
Components	Туре	Value	Form
,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS	STEL	655 mg/m3	
5-47-6)			
	<del>-</del> 7.4.4	150 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
Mantanana (OAC	T10/0	100 ppm	
2-Heptanone (CAS 10-43-0)	TWA	465 mg/m3	
10-40-0)		100 ppm	
2-pentanone (CAS	TWA	530 mg/m3	
07-87-9)	1 4 4 7	JJU IIIg/IIIJ	
<del>-</del> /		150 ppm	
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
,		5 mg/m3	Welding fume or
		-	pyrophoric powder.
		10 mg/m3	Total
Ethyl benzene (CAS	STEL	545 mg/m3	
00-41-4)		125	
	TWA	125 ppm	
	IVVA	435 mg/m3	
Methyl acetate (CAS	STEL	100 ppm 760 mg/m3	
9-20-9)	SIEL	7 00 mg/ms	
/		250 ppm	
	TWA	610 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS	STEL	950 mg/m3	
23-86-4)		_	
		200 ppm	
	TWA	710 mg/m3	
	_	150 ppm	
stoddard solvent (CAS	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
3052-41-3)	TWA	350 ma/m2	
10 W. L. L		350 mg/m3	
JS. Workplace Environmental Exp Components	osure Level (WEEL) Guides Type	Value	
nethyl ethyl ketoxime (CAS 96-29-7)	TWA	36 mg/m3	
·U-23-1)		10 ppm	
		то ррпп	

## **Biological limit values**

#### **ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*

<sup>\* -</sup> For sampling details, please see the source document.

## Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Other

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state Liquid. Liquid. **Form** 

Silver Metallic. Color

Solvent. Odor **Odor threshold** Not available. Ηq Not available.

-144.4 °F (-98 °C) estimated Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling 134.24 °F (56.8 °C) estimated

range

14.0 °F (-10.0 °C) estimated Flash point

**Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

1.4 % estimated

Flammability limit - upper

16 % estimated

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 127.32 hPa estimated

Vapor density Not available. Relative density Not available. Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 797 °F (425 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperatureNot available.ViscosityNot available.

Other information

Density 8.35 lbs/gal

Flammability class Flammable IB estimated

Percent volatile 41.66 %

Specific gravity 1

VOC 2.3 lbs/gal Material 2.7 lbs/gal Regulatory

278 g/l Material 327 g/l Regulatory

# 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Nitrates.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

# 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

**Skin contact** Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye irritation.

**Ingestion** Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation.

Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May

cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

## Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Toxic if inhaled. Narcotic effects. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Components Species Test Results

## 1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 43 g/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Mouse 4600 ppm, 6 Hours

Rat 6350 ppm, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Mouse 1590 mg/kg

Rat 4300 mg/kg

Components Species Test Results

2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 12600 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Mouse 730 mg/kg

Rat 1.67 g/kg

2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 3.73 g/kg

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 17800 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat 3500 mg/kg

Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rabbit 3.7 g/kg

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Acute Inhalation

LC50 Wistar rat 160 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 14000 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

Causes serious eye irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Respiratory sensitization** Not a respiratory sensitizer.

**Skin sensitization** May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

**Reproductive toxicity** Suspected of damaging the unborn child. **Specific target organ toxicity -** May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

**Chronic effects** Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

# 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** 

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
1,2-Dimethybenzene (	CAS 95-47-6)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	0.78 - 2.51 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	5.59 - 11.6 mg/l, 96 hours
2-Heptanone (CAS 11	0-43-0)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	126 - 137 mg/l, 96 hours
2-pentanone (CAS 10	7-87-9)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	1190 - 1290 mg/l, 96 hours
Aluminum (CAS 7429-	-90-5)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	0.16 mg/l, 96 hours
Ethyl benzene (CAS 1	00-41-4)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
Methyl acetate (CAS 7	79-20-9)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	295 - 348 mg/l, 96 hours
methyl ethyl ketoxime	(CAS 96-29-7)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	777 - 914 mg/l, 96 hours
n-butyl acetate (CAS 1	123-86-4)		
Aquatic	,		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours
Titanium dioxide (CAS	3 13463-67-7)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	> 1000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Mummichog (Fundulus heteroclitus)	> 1000 mg/l, 96 hours

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Persistence and degradability** No data is available on the degradability of this product.

# **Bioaccumulative potential**

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

	` •	,	
1,2-Dimethybenzene			3.12
2-Heptanone			1.98
2-pentanone			0.91
Ethyl benzene			3.15
Methyl acetate			0.18
n-butyl acetate			1.78
stoddard solvent			3.16 - 7.15

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

# 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions** Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

# 14. Transport information

DOT

UN1263 **UN number** 

UN proper shipping name

Paint, Paint Related Material, MARINE POLLUTANT (LOW VOC ADDITIVE BLEND, 3199 AR

SPARKLE SILVER)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) Packing group Ш **Environmental hazards** 

> Marine pollutant Yes

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28

**Packaging exceptions** 150 202 Packaging non bulk Packaging bulk 242

**IATA** 

UN1263 **UN** number

Paint, Paint Related Material **UN proper shipping name** 

Transport hazard class(es) Class 3 Subsidiary risk

П Packing group **Environmental hazards** Yes **ERG Code** 3H

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed.

Allowed. Cargo aircraft only

**IMDG** 

UN1263 **UN number** 

Paint, Paint Related Material, MARINE POLLUTANT **UN proper shipping name** 

Transport hazard class(es)

3 Class Subsidiary risk Packing group Ш **Environmental hazards** 

Yes Marine pollutant **EmS** F-E, S-E

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Not established. Transport in bulk according to

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code



IATA; IMDG



# Marine pollutant



**General information** 

DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant. IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

# 15. Regulatory information

**US federal regulations** 

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

# TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

## **CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)**

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)Listed.2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)Listed.Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)Listed.Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)Listed.n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)Listed.

## SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

# OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

# Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

**Hazard categories** Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

## SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

#### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
Aluminum	7429-90-5	1 to <5	
1,2-Dimethybenzene	95-47-6	0.1 to <1	
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.1 to <1	

## Other federal regulations

## Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

## Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

## **US** state regulations

# US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

# US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

(a))

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

light aromatic solvent naphtha (CAS 64742-95-6)

liquid HALS (CAS 41556-26-7)

stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

#### **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)

2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

# US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)

2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

## US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)

2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

#### **US. Rhode Island RTK**

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

## **US. California Proposition 65**

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

Silicon dioxide (CAS 14808-60-7)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

Listed: February 21, 2003

Listed: June 11, 2004

Listed: April 19, 2002

Listed: October 1, 1988

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

Listed: September 2, 2011

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Listed: December 2, 2005

Listed: January 1, 1991

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Listed: August 7, 2009

# **International Inventories**

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

# 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

**Issue date** 05-04-2015

Version # 01

United States & Puerto Rico

HMIS® ratings Health: 3\* Flammability: 3

Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings Health: 3

Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

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